

REPORT

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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

[SUMMARY]

(Revised and issued by the Executive Yuan, October 1948)

[Articles XII, XIII, and XVI omitted]

Article I

These regulations are adopted in accord with Article 7 of the Telegraph Regulations.

Article II

Parties desiring to import radio equipment must apply to the Ministry of Communications for an import certificate. If the said equipment is for the Army, Navy or Air Force, the applications must first be presented to the Ministry of National Defense for approval, after which the latter will pass it on to the Ministry of Communications for approval and issue of the certificate.

Article III

Proper application forms may be obtained gratis from the Ministry of Communications, and when filled out, should be returned to the Ministry accompanied by the original invoices and three copies of same, with a 50 fen / 100 fen equals one yuan revenue stamp attached, together with the fee for the certificate.

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STATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAVY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RSRB	DISTRIBUTION						
ARMY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AIR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FBI							

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Article IV

In the case of radio transmitting equipment intended for sale, beside the aforesaid procedure, the dealer shall indicate explicitly the place (or places) where the equipment is to be stored after importation. When deemed necessary, the Ministry of Communications may order the dealer to make a written report each month concerning the progress of sales and the amount still on hand.

Article V

Whoever intends to purchase and install radio transmitting equipment must first apply to the Ministry of Communications for a permit which he shall use in making his purchase from the dealer. Without such a permit, the dealer shall not make a sale. The same applies in all cases of a transfer of ownership other than by the usual business transaction of purchase and sale. The Ministry of Communications may at any time send a representative to inspect the stock of radio equipment on hand and ascertain whether or not the dealer has disposed of any radio transmitting equipment without proper authorization.

Article VI

On import applications covering equipment for the Army, Navy, Air Force or the Government-Telegraph Administration, only the 50 fen revenue stamp is required; no fee for the certificate is charged. But with all other applications for any party whatsoever, the fee for the certificate is payable according to the following schedule:

1. Two yuan for a certificate covering not more than one unit of a receiving set, or one replacement for any part thereof, for one's own use; or not more than two units of a set, or replacement parts thereof, for use in a hospital for medical purposes.
2. Twenty yuan for certificates covering more than the number or for other than the purposes specified in the preceding item.
3. Forty yuan for certificates covering the importation of equipment for sale either before or after assembly.
4. Double the fee specified in items No 2 or 3 above if the material imported includes a complete instrument for wireless telegraph, wireless telephone, or radio broadcasting.

Articles VII and VIII

The invoices presented at time of application should give full particulars concerning all the items of equipment, including wiring diagrams therefore, and if these are not available at time of importation, they must be supplied within one month.

Articles IX, X, XI

The import certificate shall be valid for only 2 or 3 months from the date of issuance, and may be used on only one occasion. In case the articles to be imported do not all arrive simultaneously, the original certificate should, within the period of its validity, be exchanged for two or more separate certificates to correspond with the shipments as they arrive, and the proper fees paid accordingly. Similarly, if importation is to be effected through a different port or if there are other changes in specifications, new or modified certificates must be obtained.

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Article XIV

In case the import certificate should be lost, notice of its loss and cancellation must be published in the newspapers, and the Ministry of Communications and the custom house must be notified. A fee of one Yuan shall be charged for a duplicate certificate.

Article XV

After a certificate has served its purpose, it should be returned to the Ministry of Communications for recording and cancellation. If this is not done within one month of its date of expiration, the party concerned may be refused a certificate if he should subsequently apply for one to cover the importation of a new shipment.

Article XVII

The purchaser of goods imported in violation of the prescribed regulations is subject to penalties. If the purchaser is the operator of a radio transmission station, his operating license may be canceled.

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